

KINGDOM OF CAMBODIA
NATION RELIGION KING



Ministry of Health
No. 003 SNK

CIRCULAR
ON
MEASURES FOR THE BANNING OF SMOKING AND BLOWING
TOBACCO PRODUCTS AT WORKPLACES AND PUBLIC PLACES



In compliance with the Royal Gazette No. NS/RKM/0106/002 dated 18 January 2006 which declared to use the Law on Ratification of the Kingdom of Cambodia to the Framework Convention on Tobacco Control (FCTC), and refer to the high recommendations of Samdech Akka Moha Padei Techo HUN SEN, Prime Minister of the Kingdom of Cambodia in the Plenary Session of the Council of Ministers dated 24 January 2014, which recommended the Ministry of Health to issue a circular on measures for the banning of smoking and blowing tobacco products at workplaces and public places.

In order to contribute to the protection of the people's well-being, to prevent the exposure to tobacco smoke which causes health risks to non-smokers and environment, as well as to reduce consumption of tobacco products, the Ministry of Health issues measures as following:

1. Smoking or blowing smoke of tobacco products at workplaces, higher educational facilities, enclosed and open public places, and public transports is prohibited.

Tobacco Products means products entirely or partly made of the leaf of tobacco, chopped tobacco, or any tobacco substance manufactured by tobacco industry or other means to be used for smoking or to be used in other forms which include but not limited to sucking, chewing or snuffing;

Tobacco Smoking means the use of tobacco products by burning either its smoke is inhaled or exhaled.

Workplaces refer to permanent or temporary indoor places where any person works regardless whether it is a paid or unpaid, voluntary or obligatory which include personal offices, shared offices, and other places which are generally used or passed across during the performance of work. An Indoor place refers to a space covered by a roof and a wall or more, regardless of types of materials used to build the roof and the wall(s) and whether they are permanent or temporary.

Public Places means enclosed and open places, public transports which are used or accessed by public.

Public Transports mean all types of vehicles used or accessed by general public.

Enclosed Public Place refers to a place covered by roofs, walls, doors, and windows and operated by ventilation systems, even though sometimes doors or windows are opened.

Unofficial Translation

Open Public Place refers to a place covered by a roof and a wall or more, with or without doors regardless the types of materials used for making roofs, walls, and regardless whether the places are permanently or temporarily built or installed.

2. Smoking or blowing smoke of tobacco products is prohibited at the whole campuses of health facilities, educational facilities, care for kids centers, children parks, religious facilities, museums, historically cultural resorts, petrol stations, and other inflammable places.
3. Managers or owners of workplaces or of public places shall display “No Smoking” signs at the entrance and other appropriate places where people passing by could clearly see.

No Smoking sign shall be in written message accompanied by a logo recognized as no-smoking in circle form. The sign shall have 20 diameters minimum for places and 10 diameters minimum for transports.

4. All kinds of ash-trays shall not be displayed or shown at all workplaces, public places and other places where smoking and blowing of tobacco products are prohibited.
5. Managers or owners of workplaces or of public places shall warn whoever violates the smoking prohibition.

In case he/she refuses the warning, managers or owners of workplaces or of public places shall invite him/her to smoke outside.

In case of incompliance or repetition, managers or owners of workplaces or public places shall cooperate with competent authorities to warn violators accordingly

6. Designated smoking rooms shall be in place at airports for travelers who wait to be boarded.

In restaurants, designated smoking room might be established. In eatery, tables for smokers might be separately far away from smokers.

7. All ministries and institutions, managers or owners of workplaces or of public places, Phnom Penh Capital City and provincial authorities shall cooperatively implement this circular in the most effective way.

Phnom Penh, 04 February 2014

Minister of Health

MAM BUNHENG

Recipients:

- Ministry of Royal Palace;
- General Secretariat of the Constitutional Council;
- General Secretariat of the Senate;
- General Secretariat of the National Assembly;
- General Secretary of the Royal Government;
- Cabinet of Prime Minister;
- Cabinet of Deputy Prime Ministers;
- As mentioned in 7;
- General Department of Techniques;
- General Department of Administration and finance;
- Royal Affairs;
- Documentation-Archive